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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/846,328	04/30/2001	George Jackowski	2132.051	3127	
21917	7590 03/11/2003			_	
MCHALE & SLAVIN			EXAMINER		
4440 PGA BL SUITE 402		LY, CHEYNE D			
PALM BEAC	H GARDENS, FL 33410		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1631	11	
			DATE MAILED: 03/11/2003	l/b	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
	_	09/846,328	JACKOWSKI ET AL.
ĺ	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Cheyne D Ly	1631
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply	opears on the cover sheet with	h the correspondence address
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. e period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a representation of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturely received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty divill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONT.	(30) days will be considered timely.  HS from the mailing date of this communication.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Fe	bruary 13, 2003 .	
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-final.	
3) 🗌 Dispositi	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice unde on of Claims	vance except for formal matter or Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	ers, prosecution as to the merits is . 11, 453 O.G. 213.
4)[	Claim(s) $1-35$ is/are pending in the application	n.	
4	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>3-35</u> is/are withdraw	n from consideration.	
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1 and 2</u> is/are rejected.		
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
	Claim(s) <u>1-35</u> are subject to restriction and/or on Papers	election requirement.	
	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er	
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		e Examiner
,	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	·	
11)[	he proposed drawing correction filed on		• •
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
12)[] T	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. & 1	119(a)-(d) or (f)
	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	,	
•	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.	
2	2. Certified copies of the priority document		olication No
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bute the attached detailed Office action for a list	rity documents have been re reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ceived in this National Stage
	cknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	•	
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language procknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ovisional application has bee	n received.
Attachment(			
2)  Notice 3)  Informa	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 1	5) Notice of Info	mmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) ormal Patent Application (PTO-152) ence Search Result 1
S. Patent and Trac TO-326 (Rev.	<b>-</b> . <b>-</b>	ction Summary	Part of Paper No. 17

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

- 1. Applicants' election with traversal of Group I, claims 1 and 2, in Paper No.16, filed February 13, 2003, is acknowledged. Because applicants did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).
- Eurther, Applicants' request that the Examiner reconsider the requirement to include a similar group of claims as in cited pending application S.N. 09/846,352. It is noted that each pending application is examined based on its own merits. It is acknowledged that it is possible for a rejoinder under *In re Brouwer* and *In re Ochiai*.
- 3. The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.
- 4. Claims 1 and 2 are examined on the merits.

#### IDS

Documents WO 01/05422 and Rohr et al. listed in Paper No. 14, filed December 09, 2002, have not been considered because the instant application does not contain English-language translations to the foreign documents as is required for consideration for a reference. For a document published in a non-English-language, a copy of the translation of the document to the English-language is required. (See MPEP § 609)

# **Sequence Compliance**

6. This application contains sequence disclosures that are encompassed by the definitions for nucleotide and/or amino acid sequences set forth in 37 CFR § 1.821(a)(1) and (a)(2). See, for example, Page 27, line 18, and Figures 1 and 2. However, this application fails to comply with the requirements of 37 CFR § 1.821 through 1.825 because the specification contains amino acid

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sequences with sequence lengths that are equal to or greater than 4 amino acid residues and these sequences do not have SEQ ID Nos cited along with each sequence in the specification.

Applicants are also reminded that SEQ ID Nos are not required in Figures per se, however, the corresponding SEQ ID Nos then are required in the Brief Description of the Drawings section in the specification. Applicants are also reminded that a CD-ROM sequence listing submission may replace the paper and computer readable form sequence listing copies. Applicant(s) are required to submit a new computer readable form sequence listing, a paper copy for the specification, statements under 37 CFR § 1.821(f) and (g), if there is a need to list additional sequences in the listing. Applicant(s) are given the same response time regarding this failure to comply as that set forth to respond to this office action. Failure to respond to this requirement may result in abandonment of the instant application or a notice of a failure to fully respond to this Office action.

## Claim Objections

7. Claim 2 is objected to under 37 CFR 1.75(c), as being of improper dependent form for failing to further limit the subject matter of a previous claim. Applicant is required to cancel the claim(s), or amend the claim(s) to place the claim(s) in proper dependent form, or rewrite the claim(s) in independent form. Claim 2 is not further limiting from claim 1 due to a lack of disclosure as to what difference in biomarker embodiments are included in claims 1 versus 2.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

8. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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- 9. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 10. Specific to claim 1, lines 1-2, the phrase "useful in indicating at least one particular disease state" causes the claim to be vague and indefinite. It is unclear what criteria are being used to indicate occurrence of a particular disease state. Is it indicative of a disease state if a specific marker is present or absent? Clarification of the metes and bounds is required. Claim 2 is rejected due to being directly or indirectly dependent from claim 1.

# LACK OF UTILITY UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 101:

The pending claims have been reviewed in light of the the Utility Examination Guidelines and Guidelines for Examination of Patent Applications under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, "Written Description" Requirement, Federal Register, Vol. 66, No. 4, pages 1092-1111, Friday, January 5, 2001.

The examiner is using the following definitions in evaluating the claims for utility.

"Specific" - A utility that is *specific* to the subject matter claimed. This contrasts with a *general* utility that would be applicable to the broad class of the invention.

"Substantial" - A utility that defines a "real world" use. Utilities that require or constitute carrying out further research to identify or reasonably confirm a "real world" context of use are not substantial utilities.

"Credible" - Credibility is assessed from the perspective of one of ordinary skill in the art in view of the disclosure and any other evidence of record that is probative of the applicant's assertions. That is, the assertion is an inherently unbelievable undertaking or involves implausible scientific principles.

"Well-established" - a specific, substantial, and credible utility which is well known, immediately apparent, or implied by the specification's disclosure of the properties of a material, alone or taken with the knowledge of one skilled in the art.

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35 U.S.C. § 101 reads as follows:

"Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefore, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title".

- 12. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 101 because the claimed invention lacks patentable utility due to its not being supported by a specific, substantial, and credible utility or, in the alternative, a well-established utility.
- 13. The claimed subject matter is not supported by a substantial utility because no substantial utility has been established for the claimed subject matter. In addition, further characterization of the claimed subject matter would be required to identify or reasonably confirm a "real world" use. The examiner does not find an adequate nexus between the evidence of record and the asserted properties of the claimed subject matter.
- 14. It is acknowledged that Applicants identified a specific marker which is evidentiary of at least one specific disease state, where by the presence of said marker serves as a positive indicator of disease (Pages 25-27 and Figures 1 and 2). Further, Applicants disclose that possession of disease specific marker is useful in the production of methods and devices (radioimmunoassay, enzyme-linked innuosorbent assay, "sandwich assays, precipitin reactions, gel diffusion immunodiffusion assay, agglutination assay, and thereof) useful as point-of-care rapid assay diagnostic or risk assessment devices as are known in the art (Pages 28-31). However, the disclosure is not substantial because the specification lacks a description of negative controls in order to establish the specificity of the claimed biopolymer marker.

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- 15. Applicants disclose serum samples from individuals were processed for profiling analysis (Pages 20-27). The lack of disclosure of whether the said biopolymer marker is only present in individuals inflicted with a specific disease but not in the control population or it is present in higher concentration relative to the control population supports that no substantial utility has been established for the claimed subject matter. As mentioned above, the possession of disease specific marker is useful in the production of methods and devices useful for diagnostic————purposes. Without any disclosure for distinguishing individuals inflicted with a specific disease versus individuals not inflicted with the said disease, how does one use the disclosed biopolymer for indicating a specific disease state in individuals?
- 16. Further, identifying and studying the properties of a protein itself, such as the biopolymer marker represented by SEQ ID NO:1, does not define a "real world" context for use. Similarly, the other listed utilities and asserted utilities as summarized above or in the instant specification is not substantial due to being generic in nature and applicable to many such biopolymer marker.

# LACK OF ENABLEMENT UNDER 35 U.S.C. § 112, FIRST PARAGRAPH

17. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

18. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

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- 19. Factors to be considered in determining whether a disclosure would require undue experimentation have been summarized in Ex parte Forman, 230 USPQ 546 (BPAI 1986) and reiterated by the Court of Appeals in In re Wands, 8 USPQ2d 1400 at 1404 (CAFC 1988). The factors to be considered in determining whether undue experimentation is required include: (1) the quantity of experimentation necessary, (2) the amount or direction presented, (3) the presence or absence of working examples, (4) the nature of the invention, (5) the state of the prior art, (6) the relative skill of those in the art, (7) the predictability or unpredictability of the art, and (8) the breadth of the claims. The Board also stated that although the level of skill in molecular biology is high, the results of experiments in genetic engineering are unpredictable. While all of these factors are considered, a sufficient amount for a prima facie case is discussed below.
- 20. Since claims 1 and 2 are not supported by a substantial utility for the reasons set forth above, one skilled in the art would not know how to use the claimed invention without undue experimentation.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

21. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 22. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Ballance et al. (US PN 5,766883 A).
- 23. Ballance et al. discloses a composition represented by SEQ ID NO: 14 which is identical to the composition represented by SEQ ID NO:1 of this instant application. It is acknowledged

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that SEQ ID NO:14 has a sequence length greater than that of SEQ ID NO:1 of this instant application. Because Applicants do not specify that the critical limitation, biopolymer marker, corresponds to the exact amino acid sequence length of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:14 having a sequence identified as SEQ ID NO:1 meets the critical limitation, therefore, clearly anticipates the claimed invention of claims 1 and 2.

#### CONCLUSION

- 24. NO CLAIM IS ALLOWED.
- 25. Papers related to this application may be submitted to Technical Center 1600 by facsimile transmission. Papers should be faxed to Technical Center 1600 via the PTO Fax Center located in Crystal Mall 1. The faxing of such papers must conform with the notices published in the Official Gazette, 1096 OG 30 (November 15, 1988), 1156 OG 61 (November 16, 193), and 1157 OG 94 (December 28, 1993) (see 37 CFR § 1.6(d)). The CM1 Fax Center number is either (703) 308-4242 or (703) 305-3014.
- 26. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to C. Dune Ly, whose telephone number is (703) 308-3880. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8 A.M. to 4 P.M.
- 27. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Woodward, Ph.D., can be reached on (703) 308-4028.
- 28. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to Legal Instruments Examiner, Tina Plunkett, whose telephone number is (703) 305-3524 or to the Technical Center receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

C. Dune Ly 3/9/03

Hyb., H. V (Bash) ARDIN H. MARSCHEL PRIMARY EXAMINER